## Introduction to $\mathrm{AT}_{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{X}$

ECE 327 - Tuesday, 8:30 - T. Pavlic (instructor)

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## Introduction

This document has some appendices. For example, Appendix A is a glossary, and Appendix B gives some parts, and Appendix C has some other things.

## Some Subsections

We can have lower-level sections and subsections and subsubsections and paragraphs...

## Some Math

Some in-line math might like like $x_{0}=5$, while an unnumbered and displayed equation could look like

$$
\sin (T)=\int_{0}^{T} \cos (t) d t
$$

If we want to refer to an equation later, we better number it, like

$$
\begin{equation*}
\exp (i t) \triangleq e^{i t}=\cos (t)+i \sin (t) \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

and

$$
\begin{equation*}
\Re\left(e^{i t}\right)=\cos (t) \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

Of course, giving both Equations (1) and (2) is silly because Equation (2) is obvious from Equation (1).

## Some Figures

I might also want to include figures, like Figure 1.
A picture could be here.
Figure 1: Some figure.

## More Information

We can refer to Figure 1 from anywhere in the document. In fact, we can still refer to Equation (1), and each of these references is hyperlinked to the appropriate target within the document.

## Conclusions

We put some conclusions here.

## A Glossary

operational amplifier differential amplifier with practically infinite gain, which makes it fodder for feedback applications
impedance the frequency-dependent relationship between the voltage and current on a one-port electronic device

## B Data

Check out Table B.1.

| Frequency |  | Gain |  | Phase Shift |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5 Hz |  |  | $-10^{\circ}$ |
| 15 Hz |  |  | $-15^{\circ}$ |  |
| 1 kHz |  | 0.5 |  | $-90^{\circ}$ |

Table B.1: Some data

Notice how Table B. 1 has a number that includes the appendix. When we turn on numbering this way, the numbers reset to 1 each time we enter a new appendix.

## B. 1 Section in Appendix

Of course, we can divide up each appendix as well.

## B.1.1 And more

We can have deeper divisions too.

## C Other Things

We might find extra equations here, like

$$
\begin{equation*}
x_{0}=\frac{-b+\sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a} \quad \text { and } \quad x_{1}=\frac{-b-\sqrt{b^{2}-4 a c}}{2 a} . \tag{C.1}
\end{equation*}
$$

